UTILIZATION MANAGEMENT MEDICAL POLICY

POLICY: Oncology (Injectable) – Bendamustine Products Utilization Management Medical Policy

- Belrapzo® (bendamustine intravenous infusion Eagle)
- Bendeka® (bendamustine intravenous infusion Teva)
- Treanda® (bendamustine intravenous infusion Cephalon)
- Vivimusta® (bendamustine intravenous Slayback, Latina)
- Bendamustine intravenous infusion various manufacturers

REVIEW DATE: 07/17/2024

OVERVIEW

Bendamustine, an alkylating agent, is indicated for the following uses: 1-3,31

- **B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma, indolent**, that has progressed during or within 6 months of treatment with rituximab or a rituximab containing regimen.
- Chronic lymphocytic leukemia. Efficacy compared to first-line agents other than chlorambucil has not been established.

Guidelines

Bendamustine is addressed in National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) guidelines:

- **B-Cell Lymphomas:** Guidelines (version 2.2024 April 30, 2024) recommend bendamustine for the treatment of a variety B-cell lymphomas, including follicular lymphoma (grade 1 and 2), extranodal marginal zone lymphoma of the stomach, extranodal marginal zone lymphoma of nongastric sites, nodal marginal zone lymphoma, splenic marginal zone lymphoma, histologic transformation of indolent lymphomas to diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL), mantle cell lymphoma, DLBCL, high-grade B-cell lymphoma, human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-related B-cell lymphoma, and post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorders. Bendamustine is recommended as monotherapy, or in combination with rituximab (e.g., Rituxan, biosimilars), Polivy™ (polatuzumab vedotin-piiq intravenous [IV] infusion), or Gazyva® (obinutuzumab IV infusion) depending on the lymphoma type and previous treatment history.
- Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia/Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma: Guidelines (version 3.2024 March 26, 2024) recommend bendamustine, in combination with rituximab or Gazyva, for the first-line treatment of patients without del(17p)/TP53 mutation, who have indications for treatment (not recommended for frail patients).^{4,5} Bendamustine in combination with rituximab is recommended for the treatment of relapsed or refractory disease without del(17p)/TP53 mutation in patients with indications for treatment (not recommended for frail patients).
- **Hematopoietic Cell Transplantation:** Guidelines (version 1.2024 April 26, 2024) recommend bendamustine in combination with etoposide, cytarabine, and melphalan as a conditioning regimen for autologous transplantation for patients with non-Hodgkin lymphoma without central nervous system disease, or Hodgkin lymphoma.^{4,30}
- Hodgkin Lymphoma and Pediatric Hodgkin Lymphoma: Guidelines for Hodgkin lymphoma (version 3.2024 March 18, 2024) and pediatric Hodgkin lymphoma (version 1.2024 May 14, 2024) recommend bendamustine for the treatment of recurrent or refractory Hodgkin lymphoma.^{4,7,26} In patients ≥ 18 years of age with classic Hodgkin lymphoma, bendamustine in combination with gemcitabine and vinorelbine, or in combination with Adcetris® (brentuximab IV infusion) is recommended for second-line or subsequent therapy (if not previously used), or in combination with carboplatin and etoposide for third-line or subsequent therapy, or as a single agent for subsequent therapy. In patients ≥ 18 years of age with nodular lymphocyte-predominant

Hodgkin lymphoma, bendamustine in combination with rituximab is recommended for the subsequent treatment of progressive, relapsed, or refractory disease. In patients > 60 years of age, bendamustine is recommended as a single agent for palliative therapy of relapsed or refractory disease. For heavily pretreated pediatric patients with Hodgkin lymphoma, bendamustine in combination with Adcetris is recommended for re-induction or subsequent treatment of relapsed or refractory disease.

- **Multiple Myeloma:** Guidelines (version 4.2024 April 26, 2024) recommend bendamustine as a treatment option for late relapsed or progressive multiple myeloma (patient has received > 3 prior therapies). Bendamustine is recommended as a single agent, or in combination with dexamethasone and lenalidomide, with dexamethasone and bortezomib, or with dexamethasone and Kyprolis® (carfilzomib intravenous infusion).
- **Primary Cutaneous Lymphomas:** Guidelines (version 2.2024 May 6, 2024) recommend bendamustine in combination with Adcetris for the primary treatment of CD30+ mycosis fungoides stage IVA2 and mycosis fungoides/Sezary syndrome stage IVB visceral disease, or generalized cutaneous or extracutaneous lesions with large cell transformation. Bendamustine in combination with Adcetris is also recommended for the subsequent treatment of stage IIB to Stage IV mycosis fungoides.
- **Systemic Light Chain Amyloidosis:** Guidelines (version 2.2024 December 12, 2023) recommend bendamustine in combination with dexamethasone for relapsed/refractory disease. 4.27
- T-Cell Lymphomas: Guidelines (version 4.2024 May 28, 2024) recommend bendamustine as a single agent for the treatment of relapsed or refractory peripheral T-cell lymphomas, breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma, adult T-cell leukemia/lymphoma, and refractory hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma as subsequent therapy.^{4,20}
- Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia/Lymphoplasmacytic Lymphoma: Guidelines (version 2.2024 December 5, 2023) recommend bendamustine as a single agent or in combination with rituximab for primary treatment, for the treatment of previously treated disease that did not respond, for progressive or relapsed disease, or symptomatic Bing-Neel syndrome. 4.22

POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for medical benefit coverage of bendamustine. Approval is recommended for those who meet the **Criteria** and **Dosing** for the listed indications. Extended approvals are allowed if the patient continues to meet the Criteria and Dosing. Requests for doses outside of the established dosing documented in this policy will be considered on a case-by-case basis by a clinician (i.e., Medical Director or Pharmacist). All approvals are provided for the duration noted below. In cases where the approval is authorized in months, 1 month is equal to 30 days. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with bendamustine as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, approval requires bendamustine to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated.

Automation: None.

RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of bendamustine is recommended in those who meet one of the following criteria:

FDA-Approved Indications

1. B-Cell Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma. Approve for 6 months if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A <u>and</u> B):

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<u>Note</u>: Examples include follicular lymphoma, extranodal marginal zone lymphoma of the stomach, extranodal marginal zone lymphoma of nongastric sites, nodal marginal zone lymphoma, splenic marginal zone lymphoma, histologic transformation of indolent lymphomas to diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL), DLBCL, and high-grade B-cell lymphoma.

- A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
- **B)** Bendamustine is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

Dosing. Approve up to 120 mg/m² administered by intravenous infusion no more frequently than twice in each 21-day cycle.

- **2.** Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia/Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma. Approve for 6 months if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A and B):
 - A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - **B)** Bendamustine is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

Dosing. Approve up to 100 mg/m² administered by intravenous infusion no more frequently than twice in each 28-day cycle.

Other Uses with Supportive Evidence

- **3. Hematopoietic Cell Transplantation.** Approve for 1 month if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, and C):
 - A) Bendamustine is used as conditioning prior to autologous hematopoietic cell transplantation; AND
 - **B)** Patient has ONE of the following conditions (i or ii):
 - i. Non-Hodgkin lymphoma without central nervous system disease; OR
 - ii. Hodgkin lymphoma; AND
 - C) Bendamustine is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or a physician who specializes in hematopoietic cell transplantation.

Dosing. Approve up to 200 mg/m² administered by intravenous infusion no more frequently than twice prior to autologous hematopoietic cell transplantation.

- **4.** Hodgkin Lymphoma. Approve for 6 months if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A and B):
 - A) Bendamustine is used as second-line or subsequent therapy; AND
 - **B)** Bendamustine is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

Dosing. Approve up to 120 mg/m² administered by intravenous infusion no more frequently than twice in each 21-day or 28-day treatment cycle.

- **5. Multiple Myeloma.** Approve for 6 months if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, and C):
 - A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - B) Patient has been treated with more than 3 prior regimens; AND
 - C) Bendamustine is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

Dosing. Approve up to 150 mg/m² administered by intravenous infusion no more frequently than twice in each 28-day cycle.

- **6. Mycosis Fungoides/Sezary Syndrome.** Approve for 6 months if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, <u>and</u> C):
 - A) Patient is \geq 18 years of age; AND
 - B) Bendamustine is used in combination with Adcetris (brentuximab intravenous infusion); AND
 - C) Bendamustine is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

Dosing. Approve up to 120 mg/m² administered by intravenous infusion no more frequently than twice in each 21-day cycle.

- **7. Systemic Light Chain Amyloidosis.** Approve for 6 months if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, C, and D):
 - A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - B) Patient has relapsed or refractory disease; AND
 - C) Bendamustine is used in combination with dexamethasone; AND
 - **D)** Bendamustine is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

Dosing. Approve up to 100 mg/m² administered by intravenous infusion no more frequently than twice in each 28-day cycle.

- **8.** T-Cell Lymphoma. Approve for 6 months if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, and C): Note: Examples include peripheral T-cell lymphoma, breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma, adult T-cell leukemia/lymphoma, hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma.
 - A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - **B)** Bendamustine is used as a single agent; AND
 - C) Bendamustine is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

Dosing. Approve up to 120 mg/m² administered by intravenous infusion no more frequently than twice in each 21-day cycle.

- **9. Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia/Lymphoplasmacytic Lymphoma.** Approve for 6 months if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A <u>and</u> B):
 - A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - **B)** Bendamustine is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

Dosing. Approve up to 90 mg/m² administered by intravenous infusion no more frequently than twice in each 28-day cycle.

CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of bendamustine is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

REFERENCES

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- 2. Treanda® intravenous infusion [prescribing information]. Frazer, PA: Cephalon; October 2022.
- 3. Belrapzo® intravenous infusion [prescribing information]. Woodcliff Lake, NJ: Eagle Pharmaceuticals; January 2024.
- The NCCN Drugs and Biologics Compendium. © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: http://www.nccn.org. Accessed on July 9, 2024. Search term: bendamustine.
- The NCCN Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia/Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 3.2024 – March 26, 2024). © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: http://www.nccn.org. Accessed on July 9, 2024.
- 6. The NCCN B-Cell Lymphomas Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2024 April 30, 2024). © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: http://www.nccn.org. Accessed on July 9, 2024.
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- 17. Berenson JR, Yellin O, Bessudo A, et al. Phase I/II trial assessing bendamustine plus bortezomib combination therapy for the treatment of patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma. *Br J Haematol*. 2013;160:321-330.
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- 32. The NCCN Primary Cutaneous Lymphomas Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2024 May 6, 2024). © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: http://www.nccn.org. Accessed on July 9, 2024.

HISTORY

HISTORI		
Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Review Date
Annual Revision	B-Cell Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma: Gastric and nongastric mucosa-associated	07/12/2023
	lymphoid tissue (MALT) lymphoma was removed from the Note. Extranodal marginal	
	zone lymphoma of the stomach and extranodal marginal zone lymphoma of nongastric	
	sites were added to the Note.	
	Multiple Myeloma: Relapsed or refractory disease was removed as a requirement.	
	Patient has been treated with more than 3 prior regimens added as a new requirement.	
Annual Revision	Vivimusta: Added Vivimusta to list of bendamustine products; the same criteria apply	07/17/2024
	as those for the other bendamustine products.	
	Mycosis Fungoides/Sezary Syndrome: New condition of approval was added.	